



Attention

- ◆ The power socket for this apparatus shall be of a one-way 3-pin type, the earth terminal shall meet the specified requirements of grounding protection.
- This instruction manual shall be read through prior to the use of the apparatus, to understand the detailed operation steps and special attentions, in order to prevent apparatus damage and/or personal injury resulted from improper operation.
- ◆ All bands and shake-reducing tapes shall be carefully removed before apparatus installation and calibration.
- It is strictly prohibited to tamper with the installation position of all electric elements. Switches, sockets etc. It may cause damage and/or injury.
- ◆ It is not permitted to rotate the pressure selecting hand-wheel or lifting screw during the testing pressure charging or relieving period (i.e. when the pressurizing motor is on) or during the pressure keeping pressure.

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Description

- 1 ISH-MR150 Rockwell Hardness Tester is an universalized apparatus for Rockwell hardness determination. It can be used in the test of Rockwell hardness of various materials. The applying speed of test pressure can be adjusted by a buffering device, and the change of pressure is obtained by rotating a pressure selecting hand-wheel. Operation of the tester is quite easy, while the performance is stable and thus the tester can be used in a wide range.
- Working principle of the Rockwell hardness tester. The test procedure employs a conical diamond indenter or ball indenter of a certain diameter to press into the specimen, an initial test pressure P_0 and a main test pressure P_1 will be applied on the indenter in sequence, and the total pressure $(P_0 + P_1)$ will be kept for a certain period, then the main pressure is to be removed, only the initial pressure will be left. A difference e between the indent depth h_1 by this time and the indent depth h_0 under the action of initial pressure, is recorded as a permanent increment of indent depth. Every 0.002 mm of this increment represents a unit of Rockwell hardness. This is a quick test and only trivial indent will be caused, so it is widely used to determine the hardness of specimen.
- 3 Calculation formula of Rockwell hardness test:

HRA(C)= 100 - e/0.002 HRB= 130-e/0.002 e=h₁- h₀

Installation

- 1 Working conditions of the tester:
 - ◆ Under ambient temperature, i.e. between 10-30 °C;
 - ◆ The relative humidity in test room shall not be over 65%;

- ◆ In an environment free from vibration;
- ◆ No corrosive medium in surrounding.



- 2 Tester unpacking:
 - ♦ Open the packing box cover and take out all cushion materials. Remove the accessory box.
 - ◆ Lift the bottom plate, unscrew the two (2) M 10 bolts under the bottom plate with a spanner, to separate the hardness tester from bottom plate, all steps shall be done in a safe manner.
 - ◆ After unpacking, the tester shall be placed on a stable bench with levelness deviation less than 1 mm/m. A hole shall be drilled at an appropriate location on the bench (see figure 1) to enable the lifting screw to operate properly.

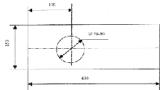


Figure 1

- 3 After the hardness tester is properly placed (see figure 2). remove the top cover. Untie the fastening white gauze tape on the extension rod (figure 4), then promptly replace the top cover to prevent dust from coming into the tester. Open the rear cover and remove the white gauze tape on moveable parts.
 - Wipe off the anti-rust oil on the lifting screw and apply some thin lubricating oil instead.

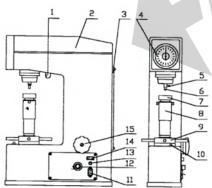


Figure 2

- 1. Indicator Light 2.Top Cover 3. Rear Cover 4. Panel
- 5. Indenter Locking Screw 6. Indenter 7. Test Stock
- 8. Lifting Screw Cover 9. Turn Wheel 10. Start Button
- 11. Power Source Plug 12. Potentiometer 13. Fuse Plug 14. Switch 15. Pressure Selecting Hand-wheel
- 4 Installation of weights (figure 3):

During weights installation the tester shall be at a test pressurefree state.

Take the weights out of the accessory box and rub them clean. Rotate the pressure selecting hand-wheel to position 588, take out the hanger from rear cover, and lead the hanger into the hole on weight A, then tighten the two M10 nuts at the end of hanger, hook the hanger onto the hoist eye at the rear of beam, and put weight B and weight C on two resting forks respectively. Then turn the pressure selecting hand-wheel a whole cycle and ensure that the weights' pins shall fall into the groove on the resting forks.

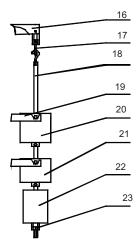


Figure 3

- 16. Beam 17. Hoist Eye
- 18. Hanger
- 19. Resting Fork 20. Weight C 21. Weight B
- 22. Weight A 23. Nuts



5 Relationship between selected test pressure and applied weights is shown as follow:

Scale	Test Pressure Graduation, N	Applied Weights		
HRA	588	Hanger + Weight A		
HRB	980	Hanger + Weight A + Weight B		
HRC	1470	Hanger + Weight A + Weight B + Weight C		

Operation

- 1 Preparation prior to the use:
 - ◆ Surface of the specimen to be tested must be smooth and clean, free from dirt, scaling, indentation or significant marks resulted from machining. Scale, Indenter, Testing Pressure and Applicable Range for Rockwell Hardness Test.
 - ◆ Minimum thickness of the specimen shall be larger than 10 times the depth of indenture. No obvious deformation shall be seen on back of the specimen after hardness test.
 - ◆ The specimen to be tested shall be placed in stable state on top of the test stock. It shall be fixed during the test process. Ensure that the test pressure is perpendicularly exerted on the specimen.
 - In case of a cylindrical shape specimen to be tested, the V type test stock shall be used and offset needs to be made to the values. Offset for cylindrical shape specimen shall be a positive value.

Scale	Indenter	Initial Pressure (N)	Combined Pressure (N)	Applications
А	Diamond indenter conical angle:		588.4	hard alloy, carbide for surface quenched steel, hard steel sheet
D	120° spherical radius at vertex: 0.2 mm		980.7	thin steel sheet, surface quenched steel
С	0.2 111111		1471.0	quenched steel, tempered steel, hard cast iron
F		98.07	588.4	cast iron, aluminum, magnesium alloy, bearing alloy, annealed copper alloy, mild steel sheet
В	Ball indenter diameter: 1.5875mm (1/16in)		980.7	mild steel, aluminum alloy, copper alloy, malleable cast iron, annealed steel
G	Ball indenter		1471.0	phosphorus iron, beryllium bronze, malleable cast iron
Н			588.4	aluminum, zinc, lead etc.
E	diameter:		980.7	bearing alloy, tin, hard plastics,
K	3.175mm (1/8in)		1471.0	and other soft materials

The most commonly used scales for Rockwell hardness test are A, B and C.

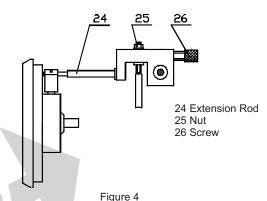
2 Hardness tester operation procedure:

- ◆ Plug the power cord and turn on the boat-shape switch. The illuminating light is on.
- ◆ Choose a scale according to table based on the rough hardness of the material to be tested. Rotate the pressure selecting hand-wheel clockwise to set the total pressure.
- When use the diamond indenter, press the head of diamond with middle finger and gently push it into the hole on indenter rod till it rests neatly on the supporting surface, then slightly tighten the indenter locking screw, and place the specimen on test stock.
- Rotate the turn wheel clockwise to let the lifting screw move upward, ensuring that the specimen to be tested slowly contact with the indenter with no impact, till the short pointer on the centigrade panel turn from the first step black point to

the red one, and by this time the long pointer shall have passed three circles and point to position "C" (or position "B"in case of HRB determination), which indicates that the initial test pressure of 98.07N is achieved. The deviation of long pointer shall not exceed 5 grades, otherwise the pointer shall not be allowed to turn back, instead that the test spot shall be changed to restart the operation.

- ◆ Rotate the graduation dial to set the pointer on position "C".
- ◆ Press the start button, motor starts to exert main test pressure automatically. Indicative light turns off automatically.
- The buzzer will sound during the total testing pressure holding time. The total pressure holding time period is 10 seconds and can be adjusted by potentiometer.
- When the total pressure is held for the predetermined period, motor will restarts to remove the main pressure and the indicator light will turn on.
- ◆ The value pointed by the long pointer on centigrade panel at this time shall be taken as the determined hardness value of the specimen (in case of HRB determination, value shall be read from the inner circle).
- ◆ Rotate the lifting wheel counterclockwise to lower the test stock. Repeat above procedure at various spots.
- ◆ No less than 5 spots shall be tested for each specimen (first spot will not be accounted). Number of test spots may be reasonably reduced in case of lot inspection.
- 3 Adjustment of the hardness value display. The accuracy of the tester is calibrated at factory. If any error is caused by improper handling during transportation, operator can make adequate adjustment but in prior to do that he shall thoroughly understand the structure and working principle of the tester apparatus. The procedure is as following: Remove the top cover. If displayed value is lower than the actual hardness of standard block, loosen M4 nut and slightly turn in screw clockwise, then tighten the nut and make the test again until the displayed value falls in the specified tolerance. If displayed value is higher, turn the screw counterclockwise.

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Repeatability & Tolerance of Rockwell Hardness Display Value:

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S	Scale	Hardness of Standard Blocks	Display Tolerance	Allowable Display Repeatablity ^{a)}	
	Α	20HRA - ≤75HRA	±2HRA	≤0.02(100-H) or	
		>75HRA - ≤88HRA ±1.5HRA		0.8 Rockwell Unit	
	В	20HRB - ≤45HRB	±4HRB	≤0.04(130-H) or	
		>45HRB - ≤80HRB	±3HRB	1.2 Rockwell Unit ^{b)}	
		20 HRC - ≤70HRC	±1.5HRC		
	С	20 HRC - ≤70HRC	±1.5HRC	≤0.02(100-H) or 0.8 Rockwell Unit ^{b)}	

^{a)}Where H is the mean hardness value.

b) Take the larger one of these two values as basis.

Maintenance

- 1 The operator shall operate the tester by following the instructions contained in this manual. Frequent calibration against standard blocks is necessary before and after actual tests. For tester not frequently used, several pre-tests shall be done on the standard blocks after the tester is turned on.
- 2 During a hardness test, it is strictly prohibited to turn the pressure selecting hand-wheel when applying, keeping or removing the testing pressure.
- 3 Use of the standard blocks can only be done on their working surface. A minimum distance of 3 mm between two successive test spots or between the center of indent and edge of the specimen is necessary. Life period of a standard block is limited to 2 years.
- When handling the hardness tester, the extension rod shall be fixed, and the weights and hanger shall be removed.
- The hardness tester shall be kept in clean state. After completion of testing procedure, the tester shall be covered with a dust cover. Hardness block and indenter shall be coated with antirust oil after use to prevent rust and corrosion.
- 6 Periodical verification shall be done, at least once a year, on the tester so as to ensure its accuracy.
- Common trouble shooting. It is recommended that the user contact the manufacturer if problems occur with the tester. However, the following table may help the user to detect and solve some common problems.

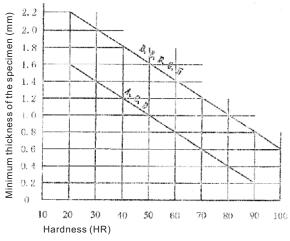
Problem	Possible cause	Suggested remedy		
The long pointer deviates from its zero point.	Adjustment of displayed value may cause deviation of the long pointer.	Refer to figure 4. Slightly loosen nut and turn M4 screw in small increment to align the pointer onto its zero point, then fix the screw and fasten the nut.		

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	1.No power	Check if the power cord is properly
Indicator lamp do not light up when tester is turned on	2.Fuse blows out 3.Damaged lamp	connected. 2. Replace the fuse with the new one in accessory box. 3. Replace the lamp with the new one in accessory box.
Extraordinary error occurs on display	1.Damaged indenter. 2.Wrong order of weights placement. 3.Friction between weights and inner wall of the tester body caused by unleveled installation of the tester. 4.The dust-proof cover is higher than the supporting surface of the lifting screw. 5.Wrong selection of total test pressure or indenter.	1. Replace diamond indenter or ball indenter. 2. Place weights according to figure 3. 3. Calibrate the tester with a leveling instrument 4. Lower the dust-proof cover to below the upper surface of the lifting screw and fasten the screw. 5. Select appropriate test pressure according to table 2.

Appendix

1 Minimum thickness of the sample shall be larger than 10 times the depth of indenture. No obvious deformation shall be seen on back of the sample after hardness test. The relationship between minimum thickness of the sample and its hardness are shown in the following table.



2 Offsets for Rockwell hardness test when diameter of the specimen is less than 38 (25) mm.

Hardness		Diameter of Cylindrical Specimen (mm)							
Value (HRC)	6	10	13	16	19	22	25	32	38
(HRA)		Of	fsets (I	HR) to	Rockw	ell Scal	e C & A	4	
20 25 30 35 40		3.0 2.5	3.0 2.5 2.0 2.0	2.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.5	2.0 2.0 1.5 1.5	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.0 1.0	1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5	1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5
45 50 55 60 65	3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.5	2.0 2.0 1.5 1.0	1.5 1.5 1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5	1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5	1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	0.5 0.5 0.5 0 0	0.5 0.5 0 0 0
70 75 80 85 90	1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5	1.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0	0.5 0.5 0.5 0	0.5 0.5 0.5 0	0.5 0.5 0 0	0.5 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Diameter of Cylindrical Specimen (mm)								
6	10	13	16	19	22	25		
	Offsets (HR) to Rockwell Scale B							
			4.5	4.0	3.5	3.0		
		5.0	4.5	3.5	3.0	2.5		
		4.5	4.0	3.0	2.5	2.5		
		4.0	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.0		
	5.0	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0		
	4.0	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0	1.5		
5.0	3.5	2.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5		
4.0	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0		
3.5	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	0.5		
	5.0 4.0	6 10 Off 5.0 4.0 5.0 3.5 4.0 3.0	6 10 13 Offsets (HR 5.0 4.5 4.0 5.0 3.5 4.0 3.0 5.0 3.5 2.5 4.0 3.0 2.0	6 10 13 16 Offsets (HR) to Rock 4.5 5.0 4.5 4.5 4.0 4.0 3.5 5.0 3.5 3.0 4.0 3.0 2.5 5.0 3.5 2.5 2.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.5	6 10 13 16 19 Offsets (HR) to Rockwell Scal 4.5 4.0 5.0 4.5 3.5 4.5 4.0 3.0 4.0 3.5 3.0 5.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 4.0 3.0 2.5 2.0 5.0 3.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.5 1.5	6 10 13 16 19 22 Offsets (HR) to Rockwell Scale B 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 4.5 4.0 3.0 2.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 5.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 4.0 3.0 2.5 2.0 2.0 5.0 3.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.5 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.5 1.5		

Specification

HRA, HRB, HRC, HRD, HRF, HRG
98N
588N, 980N, 1471N
analogue
manual
automatical (load/dwell/unload)
0.5HR
170mm
165mm (from the center of indenter)
520×160×700mm
60kg



Standard Delivery

Main unit	1pc
Ø60mm flat anvil	1pc
Ø150mm flat anvil	1pc
V-type anvil	1pc
Diamond indenter	1pc
Ø1.5875mm carbide ball indenter	1pc
Hardness test block HRB85-95	1pc
Hardness test block HRC60-70	1pc
Hardness test block HRC20-30	1pc

